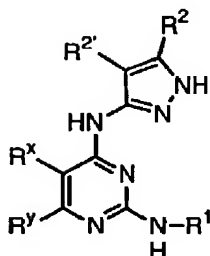


1. (currently amended) A compound of formula **IIIc**:



**IIIc**

or a pharmaceutically acceptable ~~derivative or prodrug~~ salt thereof, wherein:

$R^x$  and  $R^y$  are independently selected from  $T-R^3$  or  $L-Z-R^3$ ;

$R^1$  is T-(Ring D);

Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic ring or 8-10 membered

bicyclic ring selected from aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, said heteroaryl or heterocyclyl ring having 1-4

ring heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur,

wherein Ring D is substituted at any substitutable ring carbon

by oxo,  $T-R^5$ , or  $V-Z-R^5$ , and at any substitutable ring nitrogen

by  $-R^4$ ;

T is a valence bond or a  $C_{1-4}$  alkylidene chain;

Z is a  $C_{1-4}$  alkylidene chain;

L is  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-SO-$ ,  $-SO_2-$ ,  $-N(R^6)SO_2-$ ,  $-SO_2N(R^6)-$ ,  $-N(R^6)-$ ,  $-CO-$ ,

$-CO_2-$ ,  $-N(R^6)CO-$ ,  $-N(R^6)C(O)O-$ ,  $-N(R^6)CON(R^6)-$ ,  $-N(R^6)SO_2N(R^6)-$ ,

$-N(R^6)N(R^6)-$ ,  $-C(O)N(R^6)-$ ,  $-OC(O)N(R^6)-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2O-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2S-$ ,

$-C(R^6)_2SO-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2SO_2-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2SO_2N(R^6)-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2N(R^6)-$ ,

$-C(R^6)_2N(R^6)C(O)-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2N(R^6)C(O)O-$ ,  $-C(R^6)=NN(R^6)-$ ,  $-C(R^6)=N-$

O-,  $-C(R^6)_2N(R^6)N(R^6)-$ ,  $-C(R^6)_2N(R^6)SO_2N(R^6)-$ , or  
 $-C(R^6)_2N(R^6)CON(R^6)-$ ;

$R^2$  and  $R^{2'}$  are independently selected from -R, -T-W- $R^6$ , or  $R^2$  and  $R^{2'}$  are taken together with their intervening atoms to form a fused, 5-8 membered, unsaturated or partially unsaturated, ring having 0-3 ring heteroatoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, wherein each substitutable carbon on said fused ring formed by  $R^2$  and  $R^{2'}$  is substituted by halo, oxo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, - $R^7$ , or -V- $R^6$ , and any substitutable nitrogen on said ring formed by  $R^2$  and  $R^{2'}$  is substituted by  $R^4$ ;

$R^3$  is selected from -R, -halo, -OR, -C(=O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -COCOR, -COCH<sub>2</sub>COR, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -S(O)R, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R, -SR, -N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -CON( $R^7$ )<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>N( $R^7$ )<sub>2</sub>, -OC(=O)R, -N( $R^7$ )COR, -N( $R^7$ )CO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic), -N( $R^4$ )N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -C=NN( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -C=N-OR, -N( $R^7$ )CON( $R^7$ )<sub>2</sub>, -N( $R^7$ )SO<sub>2</sub>N( $R^7$ )<sub>2</sub>, -N( $R^4$ )SO<sub>2</sub>R, or -OC(=O)N( $R^7$ )<sub>2</sub>;

each R is independently selected from hydrogen or an optionally substituted group selected from C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, C<sub>6-10</sub> aryl, a heteroaryl ring having 5-10 ring atoms, or a heterocyclyl ring having 5-10 ring atoms;

each  $R^4$  is independently selected from - $R^7$ , -COR<sup>7</sup>, -CO<sub>2</sub>(optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic), -CON( $R^7$ )<sub>2</sub>, or -SO<sub>2</sub> $R^7$ ;

each  $R^5$  is independently selected from -R, halo, -OR, -C(=O)R, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -COCOR, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CN, -S(O)R, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -SR, -N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -CON( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -OC(=O)R, -N( $R^4$ )COR, -N( $R^4$ )CO<sub>2</sub>(optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic), -N( $R^4$ )N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -C=NN( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -C=N-OR, -N( $R^4$ )CON( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -N( $R^4$ )SO<sub>2</sub>N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, -N( $R^4$ )SO<sub>2</sub>R, or -OC(=O)N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>;

V is -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -CO-,  
 -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)CO-, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)C(O)O-, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)CON(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-,  
 -N(R<sup>6</sup>)N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(O)N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -OC(O)N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>O-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>S-,  
 -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>SO-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-,  
 -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)C(O)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)C(O)O-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)=NN(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)=N-  
 O-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, or  
 -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)CON(R<sup>6</sup>)-;

W is -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>O-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>S-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>SO-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-,  
 -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -CO-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)OC(O)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)OC(O)N(R<sup>6</sup>)-,  
 -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)CO-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)C(O)O-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)=NN(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)=N-O-,  
 -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)-, -C(R<sup>6</sup>)<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>6</sup>)CON(R<sup>6</sup>)-,  
 or -CON(R<sup>6</sup>)-;

each R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from hydrogen or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> aliphatic group, or two R<sup>6</sup> groups on the same nitrogen atom are taken together with the nitrogen atom to form a 5-6 membered heterocyclyl or heteroaryl ring; and  
 each R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from hydrogen or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group, or two R<sup>7</sup> on the same nitrogen are taken together with the nitrogen to form a 5-8 membered heterocyclyl or heteroaryl ring.

2. (original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:

- (a)  $R^x$  is hydrogen, alkyl- or dialkylamino, acetamido, or a  $C_{1-4}$  aliphatic group;
- (b)  $R^y$  is  $T-R^3$  or  $L-Z-R^3$ , wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and  $R^3$  is  $-R$ ,  $-N(R^4)_2$ , or  $-OR$ ;
- (c)  $R^1$  is  $T-(\text{Ring D})$ , wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene unit;
- (d) Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring; and
- (e)  $R^2$  is  $-R$  or  $-T-W-R^6$  and  $R^{2'}$  is hydrogen, or  $R^2$  and  $R^{2'}$  are taken together to form an optionally substituted benzo ring.

3. (original) The compound according to claim 2, wherein:

- (a)  $R^x$  is hydrogen, alkyl- or dialkylamino, acetamido, or a  $C_{1-4}$  aliphatic group;
- (b)  $R^y$  is  $T-R^3$  or  $L-Z-R^3$ , wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and  $R^3$  is  $-R$ ,  $-N(R^4)_2$ , or  $-OR$ ;
- (c)  $R^1$  is  $T-(\text{Ring D})$ , wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene unit;
- (d) Ring D is a 5-7 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring; and
- (e)  $R^2$  is  $-R$  or  $-T-W-R^6$  and  $R^{2'}$  is hydrogen, or  $R^2$  and  $R^{2'}$  are taken together to form an optionally substituted benzo ring.

4. (original) The compound according to claim 2, wherein said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:

- (a)  $R^y$  is  $T-R^3$  or  $L-Z-R^3$  wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and  $R^3$  is selected from  $-R$ ,  $-OR$ , or  $-N(R^4)_2$ , wherein R is selected from  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, or 5-6

membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl;

- (b)  $R^1$  is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond;
- (c) Ring D is a 5-6 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring;
- (d)  $R^2$  is -R and  $R^{2'}$  is hydrogen, wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring;  
and
- (e) L is -O-, -S-, or -N( $R^4$ )-.

5. (original) The compound according to claim 4, wherein:

- (a)  $R^y$  is T- $R^3$  or L-Z- $R^3$  wherein T is a valence bond or a methylene and  $R^3$  is selected from -R, -OR, or -N( $R^4$ )<sub>2</sub>, wherein R is selected from  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, or 5-6 membered heterocyclyl, phenyl, or 5-6 membered heteroaryl;
- (b)  $R^1$  is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond;
- (c) Ring D is a 5-6 membered monocyclic or an 8-10 membered bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring;
- (d)  $R^2$  is -R and  $R^{2'}$  is hydrogen, wherein R is selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, phenyl, a 5-6 membered heteroaryl ring, or a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring;  
and
- (e) L is -O-, -S-, or -N( $R^4$ )-.

6. (original) The compound according to claim 4, wherein said compound has one or more features selected from the group consisting of:

- (a)  $R^x$  is hydrogen methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, methylamino or acetimido;

- (b)  $R^y$  is selected from 2-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, piperazinyl, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl- or dialkylamino, alkyl- or dialkylaminoalkoxy, acetamido, optionally substituted phenyl, or methoxymethyl;
- (c)  $R^1$  is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond and Ring D is a 5-6 membered aryl or heteroaryl ring, wherein Ring D is optionally substituted with one to two groups selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group, -OR, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>; and
- (d)  $R^2$  is hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic, and L is -O-, -S-, or -NH-.

7. (original) The compound according to claim 6, wherein:

- (a)  $R^x$  is hydrogen methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, methylamino or acetimido;
- (b)  $R^y$  is selected from 2-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, piperazinyl, methyl, ethyl, cyclopropyl, isopropyl, t-butyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl- or dialkylamino, alkyl- or dialkylaminoalkoxy, acetamido, optionally substituted phenyl, or methoxymethyl;
- (c)  $R^1$  is T-(Ring D), wherein T is a valence bond and Ring D is a 5-6 membered aryl or heteroaryl ring, wherein Ring D is optionally substituted with one to two groups selected from -halo, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group, -OR, -CO<sub>2</sub>R, -CONH(R<sup>4</sup>), -N(R<sup>4</sup>)COR, -N(R<sup>4</sup>)SO<sub>2</sub>R, -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, or -N(R<sup>6</sup>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>; and

- (d)  $R^2$  is hydrogen or a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic, and L is -O-, -S-, or -NH-.

8. (original) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

- (5-Methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-(6-phenyl-2-phenylamino-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine;
- (5-Cyclopropyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-(6-phenyl-2-phenylamino-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine;
- (5-Cyclopropyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-[2-(3-methylphenylamino)-6-phenyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine;
- [2-(4-cyanomethylphenylamino)-6-phenyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-cyclopropyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;
- (5-Cyclopropyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-[6-phenyl-2-(pyridin-3-ylmethylamino)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine;
- [2-(3-Chlorophenyl)amino-6-(3-nitrophenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;
- [2-(3-Chlorophenyl)amino-6-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;
- (5-Methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-[2-(4-sulfamoylphenylamino)-6-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine;
- [2-(4-Chlorophenyl)amino-6-methyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-[5-(furan-2-yl)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-amine;
- [2-(Benzimidazol-2-ylamino)-6-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;
- [2-(4-Chlorophenyl)amino-6-methyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-phenyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;
- [2-(4-Chlorophenyl)amino-6-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;
- (5-tert-Butyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)amino-6-(3-nitrophenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine;

[2-(3-Chlorophenyl)amino-6-(3-nitrophenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-phenyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

[5-(Furan-2-yl)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-(6-phenyl-2-phenylamino-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine;

[2-(Benzimidazol-2-ylamino)-6-methyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-phenyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

[2-(Benzimidazol-2-ylamino)-6-methyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-[5-(Furan-2-yl)-2H-pyrazol-3-yl]-amine;

[2-(4-Chlorophenylamino)-6-methyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)amino-5,6-dimethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

(5,6-Dimethyl-2-phenylamino-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)amino-6-methoxymethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

[2-(Benzimidazol-2-ylamino)-6-methoxymethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

(6-Methoxymethyl-2-phenylamino-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

(6-Methyl-2-phenylamino-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(5-methyl-2H-pyrazol-3-yl)-amine;

$N^4$ -(5-Cyclopropyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)- $N^2$ -(1H-indazol-5-yl)-6-methyl-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine; and

$N^2$ -Benzothiazol-6-yl- $N^4$ -(5-cyclopropyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-6-methyl-pyrimidine-2,4-diamine.

9. (original) A composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1-8; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.



10. (original) The composition according to claim 9, further comprising an additional therapeutic agent.

11. (original) A method of inhibiting Aurora-2, GSK-3, or Src activity in a biological sample comprising the step of contacting said biological sample with a compound according to any one of claims 1-8.

12. (original) A method of inhibiting Aurora-2 activity in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a composition according to claim 9.

13. (original) A method of inhibiting Aurora-2 activity in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a composition according to claim 10.

14. (original) A method of treating an Aurora-2-mediated disease, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of such a treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 9.

15. (original) The method according to claim 14, wherein said disease is selected from colon, breast, stomach, or ovarian cancer.

16. (original) The method according to claim 15, wherein said method further comprises administering an additional therapeutic agent.

17. (original) The method according to claim 16, wherein said additional therapeutic agent is a chemotherapeutic agent.

18. (original) A method of inhibiting GSK-3 activity in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a composition according to claim 9.

19. (original) A method of inhibiting GSK-3 activity in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a composition according to claim 10.

20. (original) A method of method of treating a GSK-3-mediated disease, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of such a treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 9.

21. (original) The method according to claim 20, wherein said GSK-3-mediated disease is selected from diabetes, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's Disease, Parkinson's Disease, AIDS-associated dementia, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (AML), multiple sclerosis (MS), schizophrenia, cardiomyocyte hypertrophy, reperfusion/ischemia, or baldness.

22. (original) The method according to claim 21, wherein said GSK-3-mediated disease is diabetes.

23. (original) A method of enhancing glycogen synthesis or lowering blood levels of glucose in a patient in need thereof, which method comprises administering to said patient a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 9.

24. (original) A method of inhibiting the production of hyperphosphorylated Tau protein in a patient, which method comprises administering to a patient in need thereof a

therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 9.

25. (original) A method of inhibiting the phosphorylation of  $\beta$ -catenin, which method comprises administering to a patient in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 9.

26. (original) A method of inhibiting Src activity in a patient comprising the step of administering to said patient a composition according to claim 9.

27. (original) A method of treating a Src-mediated disease, which method comprises administering to a patient in need of such a treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 9.